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Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information: http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/gmcl16

Alexei Vsevolodovich Bogatsky (1929-1983)

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Version of record first published: 20 Apr 2011.

To cite this article: A. I. Gren (1986): Alexei Vsevolodovich Bogatsky (1929-1983), Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals,

140:1, 1-10

To link to this article: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00268948608080141

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Mol. Cryst. Liq. Cryst., 1986, Vol. 140, pp. 1–10 0026-8941/86/1401-0001/\$15.00/0 © 1986 Gordon and Breach Science Publishers S.A. Printed in the United States of America

ALEXEI VSEVOLODOVICH BOGATSKY (1929–1983)

Alexei Vsevolodovich Bogatsky—Academician of the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian SSR—was a prominent scientist and organizer of investigations in the branches of fine organic synthesis, structure and stereochemistry of organic compounds and chemistry of physiologically active compounds. His scientific activities cover a wide domain of the synthesis of organic compounds of the aliphatic and heterocyclic series, study of their structure, stereochemistry and mesogeneity, as well as questions of physiologic activity. He was concerned also with the establishment of the connection between the structure and the properties of these compounds. In his scientific and organizing activities A. V. Bogatsky succeeded in combining fundamental investigations and the application of their results in different fields of the national economy.

- A. V. Bogatsky was born in 1929, August 25, in Odessa in the family of the well known chemist V. D. Bogatsky.
- V. D. Bogatsky—a graduate of the Novorossiisk University—was a pupil of P. I. Petrenko-Kritchenko, a corresponding member of the USSR Academy of Sciences; he was the head of the chair of organic chemistry at the Odessa State University for 10 years; and carried out a number of theoretical and applied investigations in the domain of organic synthesis. His activity, as well as that of A. V. Bogatsky's mother—Z. D. Bogatskaya who worked in the same department for many years, influenced the formation of the professional interests of their son.
- A. V. Bogatsky was educated in Odessa. Here, in 1946 he completed his schooling, and in 1951 graduated from the chemical faculty of I. I. Mechnikov Odessa State University.

As a post-graduate A. V. Bogatsky, under the guidance of professor A. K. Plisov, prepared his dissertation and in 1954 defended his candidate dissertation "Synthesis and Properties of Stereoisomeric Crotonic Acids and Their Ethers".

After his post-graduate course A. V. Bogatsky was appointed a lecturer of the chair of organic chemistry of Odessa University and then received the post of head instructor of the same chair.

These were the years when the creative independence of A. V. Bogatsky became apparent. In continuation of his works in the field of unsaturated carboxylic acids he began to search for novel ways for the synthesis of unsaturated carboxylic acids with different position of substituents in the carbon chain. This work resulted in the technique of synthesis of alkylcrotonic acids based on malonic ether. Based on substituted alkyl- α -alkoxyethylmalonic ethers, alkylalkoxyacetoacetic ethers and acetylacetones the methods were worked out for the synthesis of a great number of different organic compounds such as barbituric acids, pyrazolidinediones, substituted propandiole-1,3, substituted 1,3-dioxanes and 1,3-dithianes.

Working out the techniques for the synthesis of the above compounds was accompanied by the study of the mechanism of the reactions, quantitative estimation of the effect of different factors on the reactivity of these compounds, and the study of their structure.

During this period A. V. Bogatsky showed talent for organization and lectureship. In 1959 he became a deputy and from 1962 the head of the chair of organic chemistry at Odessa State University. The staff of the chair increased. The scientific research sector was organized aimed at the solution of different application problems based on theoretical studies. They included first of all working out methods for the synthesis of reagents and preparations. One of the essential results of the applied research was the working out of the method of obtaining metatartaric acid—an effective stabilizing agent of champagne wines.

A. V. Bogatsky's talent for organization showed also in the fact that his scientific activity was carried out in close cooperation with the key Academic institutes, laboratories and enterprises. Thus, the cooperation with professor Yu. Yu. Samitov from Kazan State University was very fruitful, as well as with doctor A. L. Liberman from the N. D. Zelinsky Institute of Organic Chemistry, USSR Academy of Sciences, etc.

At the end of '60 and in '70 A. V. Bogatsky proceeded to the investigation of stereochemistry and conformational analysis. This stage of professor Bogatsky's scientific activities was the logical continuation of his previous studies. A large series of alkoxy- and alkylsubstituted 1,3-dioxanes, 1,3-dithianes and oxepanes were investigated to clear up a number of fundamental questions of configuration and preferred conformation in these compounds as well as the stereochemistry of their formation. In close connection with the observed characteristics of the fine structure of 1,3-heterocycles their physiological activity was studied. It was found that the effect of these

compounds on the central nervous system depended on the configuration of a molecule and, to a less degree, on its conformation.

Results of the investigations of professor Bogatsky's above scientific activities represented the foundation for his doctoral dissertation "Synthesis of Some Alkoxycompounds Based on Alkoxyalkylsubstituted Malonic and Acetoacetic Ethers, Acetylacetones and 1,3-Dioles and Study of Their Stereochemistry, Properties and Transformations" which he brilliantly defended in 1967. For the series of works in the branch of stereochemistry and conformational analysis of 1,3-heterocycles A. V. Bogatsky was awarded the L. V. Pisarzhevsky Prize of the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian SSR.

Data from the study of the physiologic activity of 1,3-dioxanes were the precondition for the development of the new direction of A. V. Bogatsky's scientific activities in the domain of the chemistry of tranquilizers. Compounds of the benzodiazepine series—1,4-benzodiazepine-2-ones were selected as the objects of investigation. A. V. Bogatsky, S. A. Andronati et al., worked out original methods for the synthesis of compounds of this type, studied their structure and its connection with the physiological activity. A comprehensive study was carried out of the biotransformation of a number of this class of compounds characterized by high activity in animal organisms. Some regularities were found connecting the physiological activity with structural characteristics.

A. V. Bogatsky's university activity is characterized by intensive pedagogic work. He was a brilliant lecturer and popularizer of chemical knowledge. Possessing enormous erudition professor Bogatsky used widely the data on the progress of all the natural sciences in his lectures combining their scientific depth with simplicity for understanding by the students. His pedagogic activity with students was not limited to the lecture-hall. Thus, first of all one should note the organization of the students scientific circles, and the meetings for scientific discussion, where the students got acquainted with the progress and problems of different branches of science. As a dean of the chemical faculty, pro-rector on scientific work and then the rector of Odessa State University Professor Bogatsky contributed greatly to the rise of the level and intensification of scientific research at the University chairs, and to their connection with industry—considered one of the most important conditions of providing a high level of training to specialists.

Beginning from 1974 Professor Bogatsky was working at the Laboratories of the Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry, Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian SSR. This was an important stage

in his life. In 1977, on the base of the Laboratories, the Physico-Chemical Institute of the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian SSR was founded in Odessa.

This period was characterized by a change of his scientific interests—he began to study the chemistry, structure and properties of macroheterocyclic compounds, synthetic analogs of natural complexones. During a brief period original methods were worked out for the synthesis of a large group of different crown-ethers, cryptands containing various functional groups either within the cycle or outside; their structure and properties were studied. Selectivity was found in these compounds towards alkaline and alkaline-earth ions. Rather small quantities of some of them are able to increase the efficiency and selectivity of certain pesticides.

During this period investigations were also started in the field of liquid crystalline compounds. Regarding liquid crystals as the objects of supramolecular chemistry—a novel branch of science—A. V. Bogatsky noted their importance and prospects. He attached specific importance to the fundamental investigations of liquid crystals, to the study of the dependence of their mesogenic ability both on the compounds structure and on their stereochemical characteristics.

Under the direct leadership of A. V. Bogatsky more than 150 mesomorphogens of the cholesteric type were synthesized, the majority of them had not been reported before; their mesomorphic properties were studied, and some regularities were found concerning the effect of chemical structure, conformation and configuration of the molecules upon their mesogenic ability.

Results of the many-sided scientific activities of A. V. Bogatsky are reported in numerous publications. He is the author of about 600 papers.

Working at the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian SSR A. V. Bogatsky continued his pedagogic activities at the University regarding this as the significant link with the training of personnel and the selection of talented young people for research work.

During the short period of his creative life A. V. Bogatsky trained many young specialists, 52 candidates and 5 doctors of chemistry. At conferences and other scientific meetings, and simply in his talks with the students and researchers, A. V. Bogatsky always shared his profound knowledge and experience convincing them of the necessity of a complex approach to the problems of modern organic and bioorganic chemistry.

In spite of his being a busy Academician Bogatsky always took

part in social work considering this obligatory for a scientist.

In 1972 he was elected a corresponding member and in 1976—an Academician of the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian SSR.

A. V. Bogatsky took an active part in the work of UNESCO—a specialized organization of the U.N. In 1972 he was a leader of a section of the IV International Conference on Chemistry and Chemical Education (Wroclaw, Poland), participated in the work of VI Conference on Chemical Education (1979, Dublin, Ireland), worked at UNESCO as a consultant, was a member of the Bureau of European Seminar on Chemistry and Chemical Education (1982, Nice, France). In 1982 he was elected a member of the International Committee of the Symposia on Macrocyclic Chemistry.

For his services in scientific and public activities Alexei Vsevolodovich Bogatsky was awarded three Orders of the Red Banner of Labour and some medals, USSR State Prize Laureate.

The activities of A. V. Bogatsky were highly fruitful. He always suggested original ideas, treated those of the other researchers attentively, promoted in every possible way the realization of everything reasonable. A. Bogatsky created around himself the atmosphere of real scientific creation. His high principles and exactness combined with benevolence, high capacity for work and self-discipline won him respect and well deserved authority.

Professor A. I. Gren

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